

Webinar

Unlocking efficiency through reliance: Navigating the EMA post-authorization framework

3 April 2025 13:30-15:00 Central European Time

Translations will be provided in French, Portuguese, and Spanish

Agenda

1) EMA's current post-authorization framework (variations) with related tools for reliance (15 min)

• Elsie Merken (Scientific Officer Procedures Office, EMA)

2) Reliance for PACs in practice (10 min)

• Asmaa Fouad (Head of Central Administration of Biological & Innovative Products & Clinical Trials at EDA, Egypt, and representative of EDA in ICH. Advisory member of ECBS-WHO)

3) Q&A Session (15 min)

<u>Moderator:</u> Andrew Deavin (Senior Director Vaccines Global Regulatory Affairs Asia Pacific & China, Vaccines Europe)

<u>Participants:</u>

- Elsie Merken (Scientific Officer Procedures Office, EMA)
- Victoria Palmi Reig (Senior International Affairs officer, EMA)
- Alberto Gañán Jiménez (Head of Committees and Quality Assurance Department, EMA)
- Isabelle Colmagne-Poulard (Head of International Global Regulatory & Scientific Policy, Merck)
- Susanne Ausborn (Global Head International Regulatory Policy, Roche, EFPIA)
- Asmaa Fouad (Head of Central Administration of Biological & Innovative Products & Clinical Trials at EDA, Egypt, and representative of EDA in ICH. Advisory member of ECBS-WHO)
- Marie Valentin (Team Lead, Facilitated Product Introduction, Regulation and Prequalification Department, World Health Organisation)

4) EMA's future post-authorization framework (variations) (15 min)

Virginia Rojo Guerra (Head of Procedures Office, EMA)



Agenda

5) EMA's renewal framework (10 min)

• Rachel Turner (Scientific Officer Therapies for Endocrine and Cardiovascular Diseases Office, EMA)

6) Q&A Session (15 min)

<u>Moderator:</u> Isabelle Colmagne-Poulard (Head of International Global Regulatory & Scientific Policy, Merck, EFPIA)

<u>Participants:</u>

- Elsie Merken (Scientific Officer Procedures Office, EMA)
- Virginia Rojo Guerra (Head of Procedures Office, EMA)
- Rachel Turner (Scientific Officer Therapies for endocrine and cardiovascular diseases Office, EMA)
- Victoria Palmi Reig (Senior International Affairs officer, EMA)
- Martin Harvey Allchurch (Head of International Affairs, EMA)
- Alberto Gañán Jiménez (Head of Committees and Quality Assurance Department, EMA)
- Asmaa Fouad (Head of Central Administration of Biological & Innovative Products & Clinical Trials at EDA, Egypt, and representative of EDA in ICH. Advisory member of ECBS-WHO)
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- Andrew Deavin (Senior Director Vaccines Global Regulatory Affairs Asia Pacific & China, Vaccines Europe)
- Susanne Ausborn (Global Head International Regulatory Policy, Roche, EFPIA)

7) Final remarks (5 min)

- Martin Harvey Allchurch (Head of International Affairs, EMA)
- Susanne Ausborn (Global Head International Regulatory Policy, Roche, EFPIA)





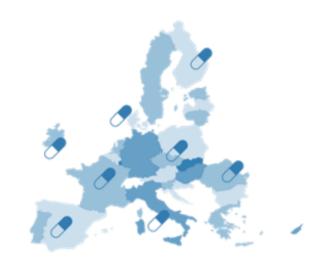
EMA post-authorisation framework

Tool to support reliance for variations



Overview

- EU Variations Regulatory Framework
- Transparency: information published by EMA
- EMA procedures and reliance documents generated alongside variations
- Take home messages

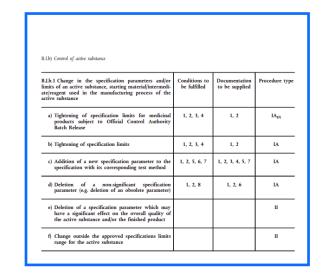




EU Variations Regulatory Framework







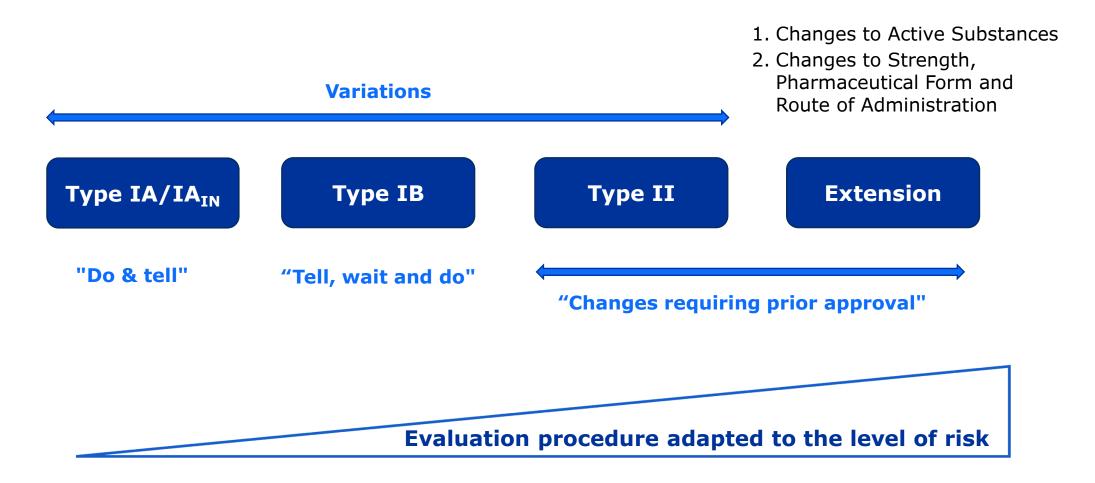
Variations Classification Guideline



Procedural and Scientific Guidance



EU Risk based categorisation of variations

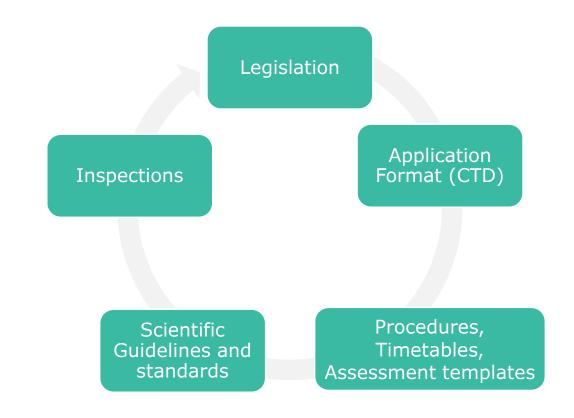




Reliance in the EU network required standardisation



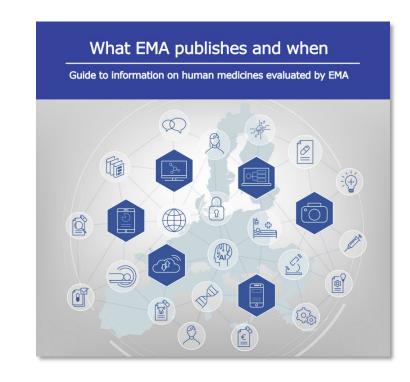
A common and single system based on full transparency enabling worksharing and reliance





Transparency: what EMA publishes and when

- Framework for transparency is embedded in EU legislation.
- EMA publishes information on human medicinal products at various stages of their life cycle, from the early developmental stages through our evaluation of authorisation applications, RMPs, post-authorisation changes, safety reviews and withdrawals.
- This guidance helps stakeholders know what kind of publications to expect on medicines undergoing evaluations and many other regulatory procedures.
- This transparency enables many regulatory authorities to rely on EMA's assessment of medicines.
- A comprehensive set of documents, including European Public
 Assessment Report (EPAR), is published on the medicine's page.



Guide to information on human medicines by EMA



Information published by the EMA

European Public Assessment Report (EPAR) includes:

information about the product

approved product information

conditions to the MA and risk management plans

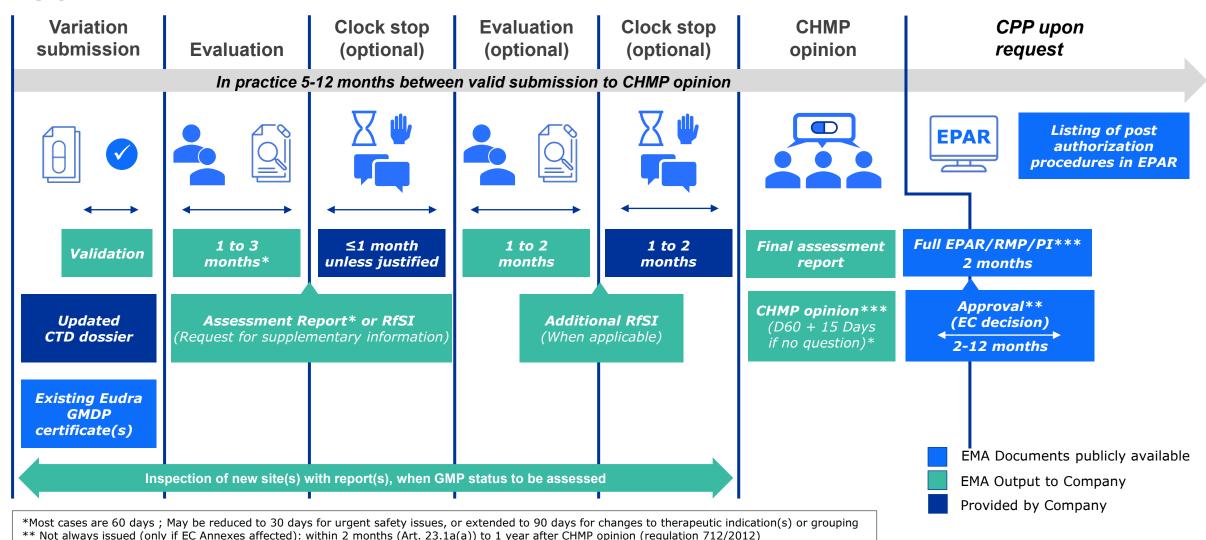
scientific discussion and benefit risk assessment (CHMP assessment report)

information on the post-authorisation procedures

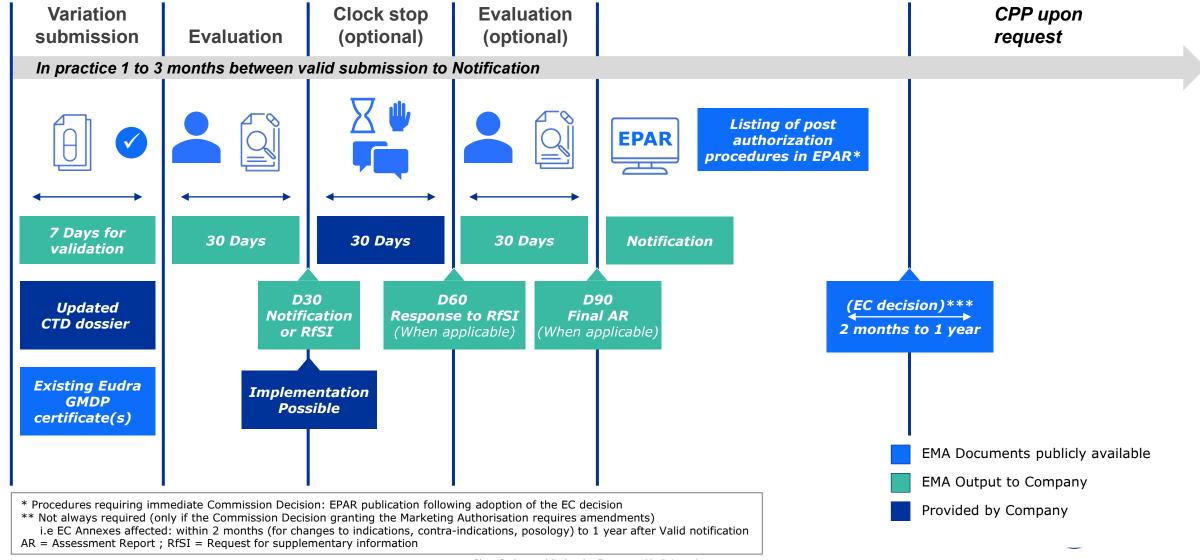


Reliance documents generated alongside a type II variation

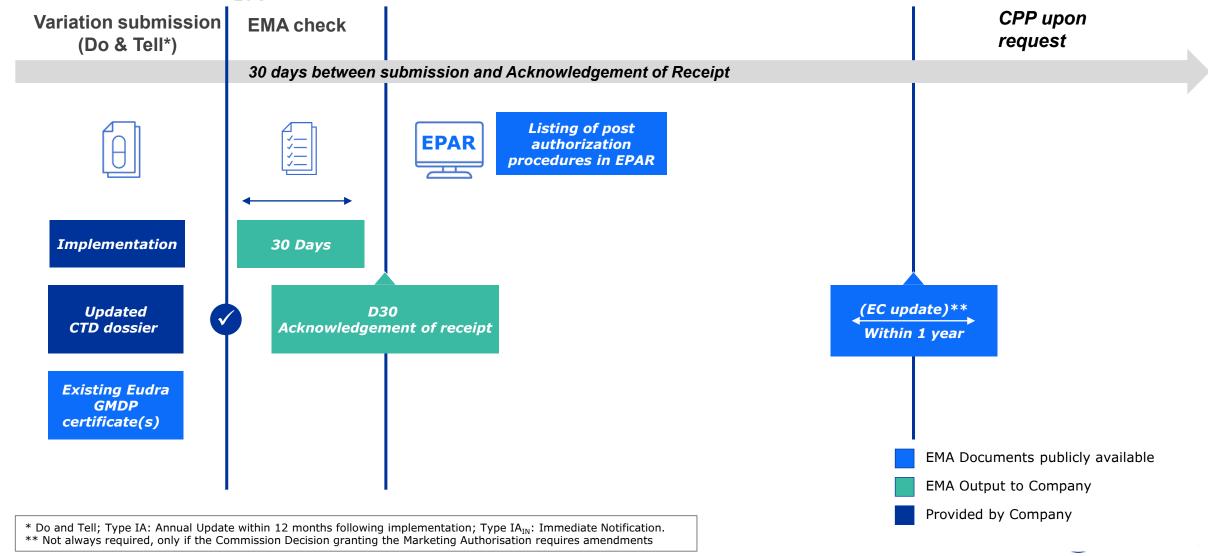
*** Not always publicly issued (only if changes/new or changes to indications or contra-indications or posology): 2 months after approval



Reliance documents generated alongside a type IB variation



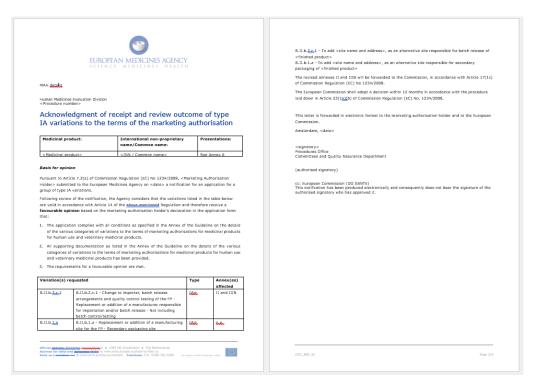
Reliance documents generated alongside a type IA/IA_{IN} variation



Type IA/IA_{IN} Acknowledgment of Receipt

Agency reviews the notification:

- Correct classification
- All conditions are met
- Supportive documentation



	B.I.b.2	Change in test procedure for active substance or starting material/ reagent/intermediate used in the manufacturing process of the active substance	Cond. to be fulfilled	Docum. to be supplied	Proce d. type
	a)	Minor changes to an approved test procedure	1, 2, 3, 4	1, 2	IA

Conditions

- Appropriate validation studies have been performed in accordance with the relevant guidelines and show that the updated test procedure is at least equivalent to the former test procedure.
- There have been no changes of the total impurity limits; no new unqualified impurities are detected.
- The method of analysis should remain the same (e.g. a change in column length or temperature, but not a different type of column or method).
- The test method is not a biological/immunological/immunochemical method, or a method using a biological reagent for a biological active substance. (does not include standard pharmacopoeial microbiological methods).

Documentation

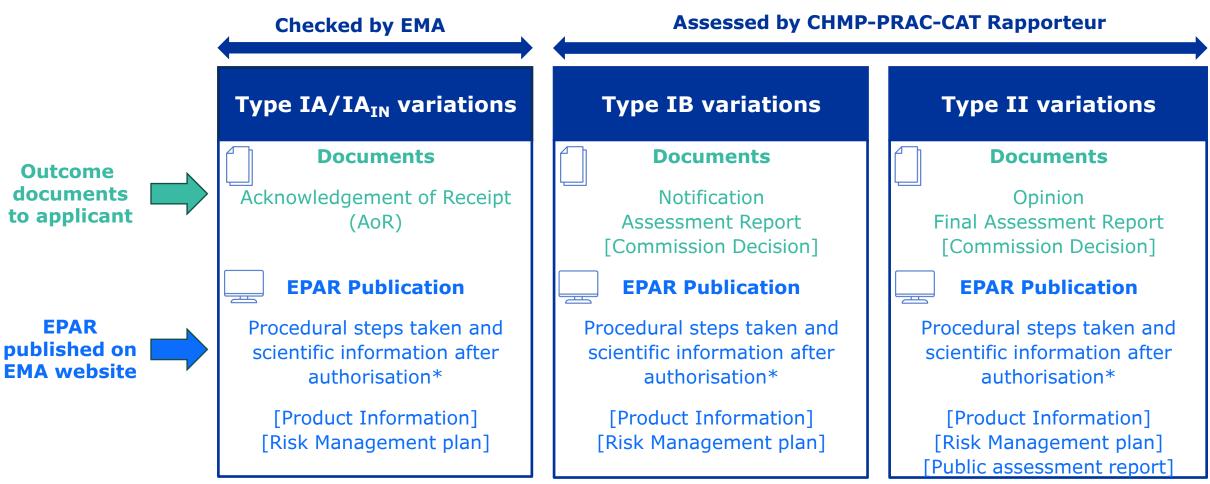
- Amendment of the relevant section(s) of the dossier (presented in the EU-CTD format or NTA volume 6B format for veterinary products, as appropriate), , including a description of the analytical methodology, a summary of validation data, revised specifications for impurities (if
- analytical methodology, a summary of validation data, revised specifications for impurities (if applicable).

 Comparative validation results, or if justified comparative analysis results showing that the
- comparative validation results, or in justified comparative analysis results showing that the
 current test and the proposed one are equivalent. This requirement is not applicable in case of an addition of a new test procedure.

An aligned variations classification system facilitates reliance



EMA output documents for variations



^{*} EPAR, including listing of post authorization procedures, is published following finalization of procedures affecting PI or RMP [...] published when relevant

EPAR Medicines | European Medicines Agency (EMA) —

Page contents

Overview

Product information -

Product details

Authorisation details

Assessment history

Risk Management Plan

Authorised product information All EU languages

Authorised presentations

Changes since initial authorisation of medicine Procedural steps taken and scientific information after authorisation

Assessment report post-authorisation procedures





The EPAR is updated when variations affect the product information or the risk management plan.



Take home messages

- The **outcome generated** following a variation procedure provides a **good basis for informed reliance** on the work done by the Agency.
- This includes:
 - > Output documents generated by the Agency and shared with the applicant
 - > Information published on the Agency's website as part of the EPAR
- Only the EPAR or Final assessment report represents the final scientific discussion and conclusions. Other EMA assessment reports only represent the status of the evaluation at different timepoints.
- An aligned variations classification system facilitates reliance.







Thank you

Follow us













RELIANCE PRACTICES IN THE EGYPTIAN DRUG AUTHORITY A STORY OF TRUST & TRANSPARENCY

Asmaa Fouad.

Head of Central Administration of Biological, Innovative products and Clinical Trials, EDA. Member of Supreme Council for Clinical Research Ethics oversight.

EDA, Egypt representative in ICH and vice-chair of IPRP management committee.

Advisory member in ECBS, WHO-TAG member in LPTT, WHO.





- 1 Introduction
- Challenges faced & opportunities captured
- Reliance Practices over the time & over the functions.
- Post Approval Changes & Reliance through product life cycle
- 5 Lessons learnt from EDA journey



Introduction

ABOUT EDA





 President issue Law No. 151 of 2019 to establish the Egyptian Drug Authority (EDA)"The official drug regulatory body in Egypt"

August 2019

January 2020

 President Issue Decree number 18 of 2020 for Formulation of board of directors

- Prime minister decree 777 of 2020
- The executive regulations of Law No. 151 of 2019.

March 2020

EDA MOVEMENTS INTERNATIONALLY EMPOWERING RELIANCE



2022:

EDA reached Maturity Level 3 (ML3) for Vaccines & became a Transitional WHO Listed Authorities (tWLA)

2024

The Egyptian Drug Authority (EDA) attained ML3 for medicines

World Health Organization

List of National Regulatory Authorities (NRAs)
operating at maturity level 3 (ML3)¹ and maturity level 4 (ML4)²
(as benchmarked against WHO Global Benchmarking Tool (GBT)

(in alphabetical order) - As of December 2024

	Country	Regulatory authority	Maturity Level (ML)	Scope of products	Year of announcement
	China	National Medical Products Administration (NMPA)	ML3	Vaccines (producing)	2022
	Egypt	Egyptian Drug Authority (EDA)	ML3	Medicines Vaccines (producing)	2022 (vaccines) 2024 (medicines)
	Ghana	Food and Drugs Authority (FDA)	ML3	Medicines Vaccines (non producing)	2020
	India	Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation (CDSCO)	ML3	Vaccines (producing)	2017 2024
	Indonesia	National Agency of Drug and Food Control (BADAN POM)	ML3	Vaccines (producing)	2019

https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/medicines/regulatory-systems/wla/list-of-nras-operating-at-ml3-and-ml4.pdf?sfvrsn=ee93064f_23&download=true

EDA MOVEMENTS INTERNATIONALLY EMPOWERING RELIANCE



2021:

EDA Joined ICH as Observer

EDA became member in IPRP



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IPRP - 9th Meeting - Public Statement

13 Jun 2022

The ninth meeting of the Management Committee (MC) of the International Pharmaceutical Regulators Programme (IPRP) was held on the 25th and 26th of May 2022 in Athens, Greece. 23 IPRP Members and Observers were represented at the meeting, which was organised in a hybrid format with both in-person and virtual participation. The MC welcomed the Egyptian Drug Authority – EDA, Egypt as a new IPRP Member. Dr. Peter Bachmann from EC, Europe and Mr. Diogo Penha Soares from ANVISA, Brazil were re-elected as IPRP MC Chair and Vice-Chair respectively, to serve for another 1-year term from the end of the meeting.

File(s)

IPRP9_PublicStatement_Final_2022_0613_ 0.pdf



EDA MOVEMENTS INTERNATIONALLY EMPOWERING RELIANCE



EDA become an **ICH** member

as <u>1st African</u> and 2nd Arabic member



НОМЕ

ABOUT ,

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Members & Observers

Current Members and Observers

The ICH Association comprises the following Members and Observers:

MEMBERS

Founding Regulatory Members

- EC, Europe
- FDA, United States
- · MHLW/PMDA, Japan

Founding Industry Members

- EFPIA
- JPMA
- PhRMA

Standing Regulatory Members

- · Health Canada, Canada
- · Swissmedic, Switzerland

Regulatory Members

- ANVISA, Brazil
- · ANMAT, Argentina
- COFEPRIS, Mexico
- EDA, Egypt
 - HSA, Singapore

OBSERVERS

Standing Observers

- IFPMA
- WHO

Legislative or Administrative Authorities

- AEC, Azerbaijan
- ANPP, Algeria
- · CDSCO, India
- CECMED, Cuba
- CPED, Israel
- · CPPS, Uzbekistan
- DIGEMID, Peru
- DPM, Tunisia
- Indonesian FDA, Indonesia
- INVIMA, Colombia
- · MMDA, Moldova
- · MOPH, Lebanon
- NAFDAC, Nigeria
- · National Center, Kazakhstan



OPPORTUNITIES & CHALLENGES EDA FACED

CHALLENGES EDA FACED



- Need for regulations update to include reliance in the legal framework......Issued
- Need for clear vision, regulatory supportive tools (Reference agency assessment reports, CPPs, inspection reports.....etc.)& procedures for implementation.....Done
- Regulators mind shift towards proper & good reliance practices (Change management)......Improved
- Elevated backlogs & regulatory resources constraints specially during pandemic......Controlled

OPPORTUNITIES EDA CAPTURED



EDA still sees more opportunities for more Reliance through:

- -More harmonization of technical requirements that makes harmonization of regulatory requirements easier.
- -Continuous update of the dynamic list of reference authorities based on justified selection criteria.
- -More investment in Regulatory System Strengthening to move from relying agency to WLA as per WHO evaluation.
- -Technology as an enabler through more engagement in Pilots with EMA
- -Use of CRP/WHO soon.



RELIANCE PRACTICES OVER THE TIME & OVER THE FUNCTIONS.

RELIANCE PRACTICES OVER THE TIME & OVER THE FUNCTIONS

 Reliance on the GMP inspection

2015

2016

 Reliance on the MA approval from EMA and/or FDA Reliance on the assessment of EMA and/or FDA for MA

2022

2023

 Reliance on the assessment of PAC

- Reliance in Lot Release for Biologicals
- Reliance in CT protocol

2024

EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH







Post-approval Changes & Reliance through Product life cycle

POST-APPROVAL CHANGES



A post-approval change to a Marketing Authorisation refers to:

Any change to the dossier status that is present in its latest version at the Authority

Any change in the quality, safety, efficacy or in the administrative information of a product is considered a

Post-Approval Change (PAC)



Certain major changes, such as introduction of <u>different strength</u>, changes in dosage form, route of administration, and/or presentation may necessitate the filing of a new application for marketing authorization and cannot be evaluated as post-approval changes

Since the regulation of changes to an approved products is the key to ensure that the post change products are of consistent quality, safety and efficacy

On 17-12-2023 EDA published

"Guideline on the regulation of Post-approval changes to a registered Biotherapeutic products in Egypt"

After displaying the draft guidance for public consultation and considering the comments of different stakeholders

Central Administration of biological and innovative products and clinical studies General Administration of biological products



Guideline on the regulation of Post-approval changes to a registered Biotherapeutic products in Egypt

2023

Code: EDREX.GL.Bioinn.008

Version No: 1.0 Issue date: 17/12/2023 Effective date: 01/01/2024



Guideline on the regulation of Post-approval changes to a registered Biotherapeutic product in Egypt Code: EDREX.CA. Biotinn.008 Version/war: 1/2023

REPORTING CATEGORIES OF POST-APPROVAL CHANGES





i. Quality changes

Major quality change

Moderate quality change

Minor quality change

Quality change with no impact

ii. Labelling changes

Safety and efficacy change

(i.e Scientific data update)

Product labelling information change

(i.e Safety data update)

Administrative product labelling information change

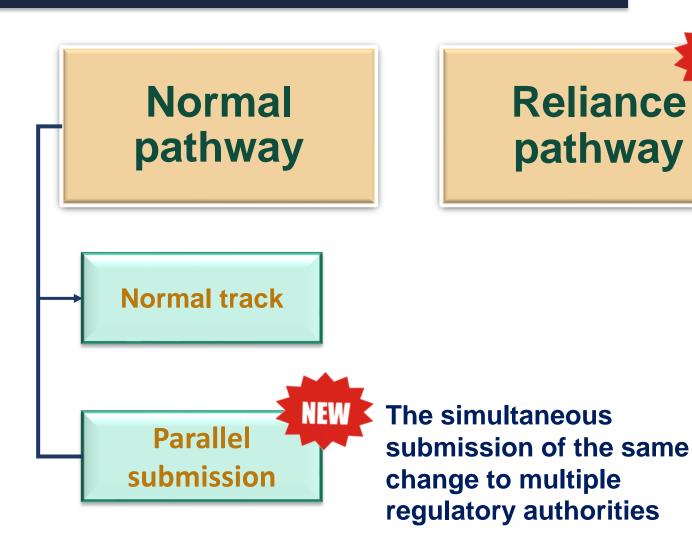
iii. Administrative

Changes related to the administrative as well as the legal information of the biotherapeutic product.

(i.e. MAH change, name and address of manufacturing facility, etc.).

PAC SUBMISSION PATHWAYS







NEW

Applicant submits required documents as described in "Guideline on the regulation of Post-approval changes to a registered Biotherapeutic products in Egypt" and receives acknowledgment of Submission after 20 WDs

RELIANCE FOR PAC



EDA extended Reliance practice to Post approval changes by applying a verification route with shortened times for approving post-approval changes to quality and product labels changes.

Procedures for handling are expected to be more expedite

Time line will be shorter than in the normal track

RELIANCE FOR PAC..LIST OF REFERENCE COUNTRIES.



		41					
P			\mathbf{a}	M		Γ	7
	a	G.		V.V.	1	N.	/
							/

Applicable on

Eligible products

Timelines

Prior appointment required

No.	Country	No.	Country
1	U.S. A	13	Belgium
2	Australia	14	Austria
3	UK	15	Iceland
4	Canada	16	Denmark
5	Japan	17	Netherlands
6	Ireland	18	New Zealand
7	Norway	19	Luxembourg
8	Germany	20	Spain
9	France	21	Italy
10	Switzerland	22	Portugal
11	Finland	23	South Korea
12	Sweden	24	Singapore

https://www.edaegypt.gov.eg/media/d30jby1q/note-to-applicant-eda-list-of-reference-countries_.pdf

Normal track

Submission Phase

Validation Phase

Quick review of the proposed scope of variation and documentation and provides the applicant with a validation Report



within 5 WDs

Scientific review phase

Detailed review of the proposed scope of variation



within specified timelines

Complementary documents (if any) are fulfilled and rest of the documents are verified



Final Decision

Reliance track



هَيْنَهُ الدَّوْرَاءِ المُصْرِثَةِ

Submission Phase



Verification Phase

Submitted documentation is checked versus the reliance checklist to verify that the mandatory documents are fulfilled



within 5 WDs

The MAH shall receive an e-mail showing the submission status (Received/Not received)



Complementary documents (if any) are fulfilled and rest of the documents are verified



Final Decision

Normal and Reliance pathways Timelines



Normal track

Reporting category	Review timeline	
Administrative changes	10 WDs	
Quality changes		
Major quality changes	60 WDs	
Moderate quality changes	40 WDs	
Minor/Annual report	NA	
Labelling changes		
Safety and efficacy changes	40 WDs	
Product labelling information changes	30 WDs	
Administrative product labelling changes	10 WDs	
Pack update	10 WDs	

Reliance track

Reporting category	Review timeline	
Quality changes		
Major quality changes	15 WDs	
Moderate quality changes	10 WDs	
Labelling changes		
Product labelling information changes	10 WDs	

RELIANCE FOR PAC



Assuring "sameness of product" is essential for the use of reliance



Number of PAC decisions issued through Reliance pathway since Jan 2024

PAC category	Number
Quality Changes	138

RELIANCE FOR PAC





Significant increase in number of PAC decisions monitored

Number of PACs decisions after new guideline/since Jan. 2024	Number of PACs decisions begore new guideline (from August 2022-December 2023)	
951	676	
For 5 quarters, an increase by 140% of work		

output was observed



LESSONS LEARNT FROM EDA JOURNEY.

LESSONS LEARNT FROM EDA JOURNEY



- Informed Reliance is a key to set the system & change the culture.
- Harmonization is an enabler to good reliance practices.
- International cooperation & sharing best regulatory practices are mandatory for Reliance.
- Agile & fit-for-purpose regulations are all-time enablers to good regulatory practices.
- Always be patient-centric regulator...don't keep them waiting!
- It is all about Trust & Transparency.







Changes to the EU variations framework

WEBINAR ON RELIANCE FOR POST-AUTHORIZATION

3rd April 2025

Presented by: Virginia Rojo

Head of Procedures Office - EMA



Changes to the Variation Regulation

- Last revision of the Variation Regulation was in 2012. Mounting pressure from the network and stakeholders to review the variations framework (Regulation and Guidelines).
- Aim to improve the existing system by incorporating experience gained and make the lifecycle management of medicines more:
 - **Efficient** for regulators and MAHs
 - **Future proof** with scientific and technological progress
- **Simplify** and enable an **agile review** of classification guideline and operational procedures



Relevant changes of the amended Variation Regulation

Efficiency gains



- Super-grouping of Type IAs when the same change(s) impacts more than one MA
- Annual update of type IA variations: previously optional, now mandatory with exceptions to keep some flexibility (including flexibility for reliance).
- Worksharing procedure (same variation applicable to different MA with no product specific assessment):
 - Mandatory WS (same MAH): previously optional. Significant gains in terms of resources and harmonisation are expected.
 - Voluntary WS (different MAHs): legal recognition, pending agreement from Competent Authorities
 - WS procedure timelines no longer aligned with type II variations, but according to highest type of variation included



Relevant changes of the amended Variation Regulation

Future proofing

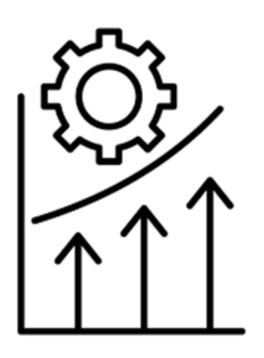


- ➤ End of automatic Type II for biological products based on experience acquired in the last decade*.
- Additional regulatory tools: legislative recognition/update of design space and post approval change management protocol (PACMP) to build on product-specific approach*.
- Medical devices: legislative recognition of life-cycle for medicinal products combined with a medical device*.
- > Health threats: lessons learnt from pandemic
 - Possibility of a fast-track procedure for annual (seasonal) update of covid strains, if needed.
 - Extension of flexibility to update vaccines to address a declared public health emergency beyond influenza or covid.

^{*} Provisions to be materialised with the revision of the EC Variations Guidelines

Relevant changes of the amended Variation Regulation

Agile update of the variation classification:



- Ongoing revision of the EC Variations guidelines aligned with the amended Variation Regulation.
- Article 5 recommendation: **optimisation of the process** (recommendation delivered within 60 days) and introduction of a mandatory consultation between EMA/CMDh.
- Possibility of regular (annual) update of the guideline with publication of an electronic version in the Commission website.



Type IA variations

Previous Regulation

IA variations can be submitted at any time within 12 months after implementation

New Regulation (IAs implemented from Jan 2025)

IA variations should be collected and submitted as 'IA annual update' between 9-12 months from the first implementation date included in the submission.

Exceptions: grouping, supergrouping, re-submission and exceptions listed in guidance (shortages, public health emergencies, prior to an inspection or MA transfer, when third countries require a CPP or EU authorization)

There should be no impact on reliance

IG: one or more IAs impacting several MAs from the same MAH

Supergrouping: one or more IAs impacting several MAs from the same MAH. Mix of CAPs and NAPs may be possible in the future





Revision of Variations Classification guideline



Principles for the revision of the Variations guidelines

- All categories of variations were reviewed based on the experience acquired and the scientific and technical progress.
- Aim to improve efficiencies ensuring the protection of public health.
- When appropriate, **streamline the variation framework** (e.g. *decreasing, downgrading and simplifying the various categories of variations*).
- When possible, **future proof** the variations framework for the upcoming changes (e.g. adapt/prepare for innovation).
- The changes proposed should be **compatible** with the options put forward by the Commission with the targeted revision of the Variations Regulation.



Main proposals

Procedural part

- Operational details shifted to EMA/CMDh guidance for easiest updates in the future.
- Change the current code system (numbering) to facilitate the implementation and the transitional period
- Implementation of new/updated procedural tools from the amended Variation Regulation

A. Administrative variations

 Reduction/simplification list from 8 to 5 scopes.

B. Quality variations

Review of all categories:

- Downgrade certain scopes when scientifically justified (risk/based approach).
- Removed conditions for biological medicinal products, in certain circumstances allowing Type IA variations.
- Implementation of PACMP as Type IB or Type IA also for BIO.
- New section on In-house reference materials.
- New scopes for Medical devices (copacked, integral, referenced) in line with MDR. Wording has been kept general, focusing on impact and risk. To be complemented with EMA/CMDh Q&A.

C. Safety, Efficacy, PhV variations

- **Deletion** of scopes (C.I.9, C.I.10, as now done via Art. 57 database).
- C.I.3 expanded to include implementation of PRAC signals and joint recommendations of EU authorities.
- New scope for submission of results of assessments carried out on target patient groups.

D. PMF

 Reduction/simplification list from 23 to 16 scopes.



Implementation

- Revision of the EC Variations Guidelines ongoing. Publication by the Commission is expected in Q2 2025.
- A transitional period will be foreseen between the publication and the entry into force to allow companies and regulators enough time to prepare. Until the updated version becomes applicable the current classification applies.
- Implementation work will be needed: EMA will publish specific implementation guidance
 and will update references to new Variations guideline of existing regulatory and scientific
 guidance. There will be changes in systems due to new scopes, different numbering.
- Public webinar information session on the amended Variations Guidelines will be organized
 in due time.





Thank you

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EMA post-authorisation framework

5- year renewal



Overview

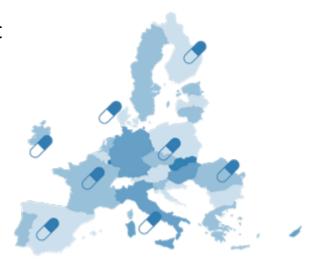
- 1. Legal Framework
- 2. Key principles of the renewal procedure
- 3. Renewal submission content
- 4. Addendum to the quality overall summary
- 5. Addendum to clinical Overview
- 6. Reliance documents generated
- 7. Take home messages





1. Legal Framework – 5-yr renewal

- In accordance with Article 14(1) of Regulation (EC) No. 726/2004, a marketing authorisation (MA) is valid for five years
- In accordance with Article 14(3) of Regulation (EC) No. 726/2004, **once renewed**, an MA **shall be valid for an unlimited period**, unless there are PhV grounds justifying one additional renewal.
- Typically, a product will be renewed **once** in the product life cycle for an indefinite period



5-year renewal



2. Key principles of the renewal procedure

- The renewal assessment is based on a general re-evaluation of the benefit/risk (B/R) balance of the product
- MAH have an obligation to update the MA throughout the life-cycle of the product as data emerge
- Renewals are not a substitute for submission of safety or efficacy data as they
 become available (type I/II variations, PSUR* or other relevant procedures must
 be submitted as applicable)
- Renewal applications are not an opportunity to update Module 3; Quality changes must be submitted by the appropriate variation as they occur

*Periodic safety update reports (PSURs) | European Medicines Agency (EMA)



3. Renewal submission content

5- year renewal*		
Module 1	 Application form PI RMP (as applicable) A statement, or certificate of GMP compliance 	
Module 2	 Addendum to quality overall summary (expert declaration) Addendum to non-clinical overview (expert declaration) Addendum to Clinical Overview (PSUR structure + expert declaration) 	
Module 3-5	Not applicable	



*Full submission requirements:
Renewal and annual re-assessment of marketing
authorisation | European Medicines Agency (EMA)



4. Addendum to the quality overall summary

- No updating of Module 3 quality data at renewal. The MAH has an obligation to keep it updated on an on-going basis throughout the lifecycle of the product
- Declaration of compliance with Article 16(1) of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 (the MAH has considered technical and scientific progress on the manufacturing and control methods)
- Confirmation that all changes relating to the quality of the product have been made following
 applications for variations and that the product conforms to current CHMP Quality guidelines
- Currently authorised specifications for the active substance and the finished product (with date of latest approval and procedure number)
- Qualitative and quantitative composition in terms of the active substance(s) and the excipient(s)(with date of latest approval and procedure number)



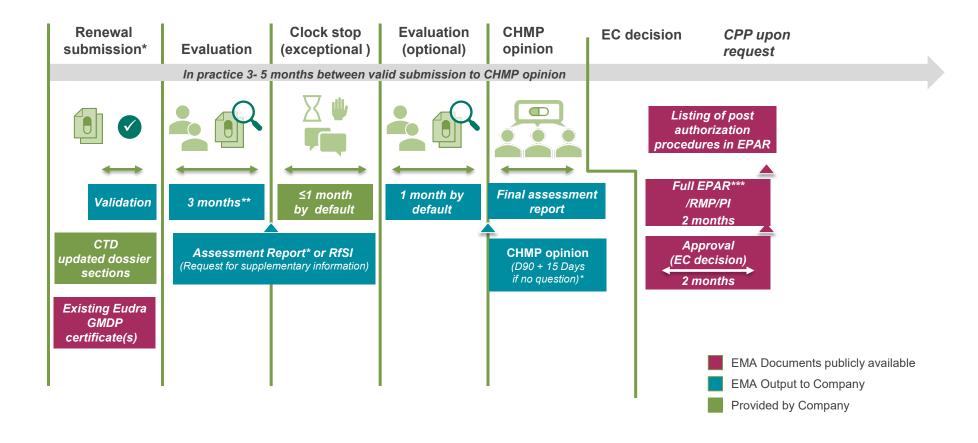
5. Addendum to clinical Overview

- A discussion on the current benefit-risk balance for the product
- Based on data previously included in the PSUR and safety/efficacy data accumulated since the granting of the MA or the last renewal, making reference to relevant new information in the public domain
- Clinical statements* confirm that the product information is up to date, and authorities have been kept informed of any additional data that could impact on the B/R and the product can be renewed



^{*}Clinical Expert Statement (confirmatory statements – as reflected in Annex II of the Guideline on the processing of renewals in the centralised procedure)

6. Reliance documents generated alongside a 5-year renewal



^{*} At least 9 months prior to expiry **90 days as standard; *** Full EPAR not routinely published (only if major public health interest) Annexes and RMP published if affected: 2 months after approval RfSI = Request for Supplementary Information (Q&As)



Take home messages



The 5-year renewal typically takes place **once** during the lifecycle of a product



The scope is a B/R assessment; in practice the renewal is an **administrative exercise** as the MAH has the obligation to update the MA as data emerge



Published draft new pharmaceutical legislation mentions the removal of the renewal concept





Thank you for your attention







Thank you

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Back up slides



Guidance documents

Guideline on the processing of renewals in the centralised procedure

Q&A at the EMA website:

- Renewals of marketing authorisations

Renewal and annual re-assessment of marketing authorisation | European Medicines Agency (EMA)